









Prof. Dr. Heino Johann Stöver

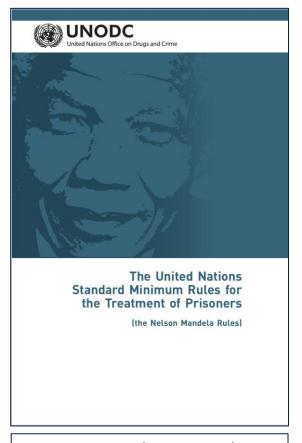


John Howard

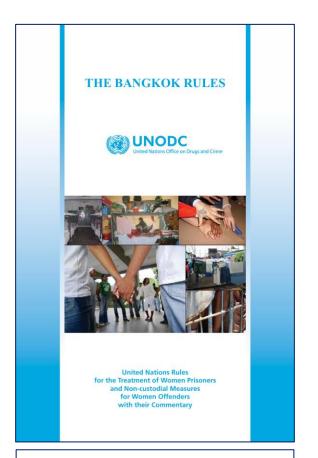
1774 "Act for Perserving the Health of Prisoners in Gaol, and preventing the Gaol Distemper"

"The late act for preserving the health of prisoners requires that an experienced Surgeon be appointed to every gaol: a man of repute in his profession. His business is, in the first place, to order the immediate removal of the sick, to the infirmary; and see that they have proper bedding and attendance. Their irons should be taken off; and they should have, not only medicines, but also diet suitable to their condition. He must diligently and daily visit them himself; not leaving them to journeymen and apprentices. He should constantly inculcate the necessity of cleanliness and fresh air; and the danger of crowding prisoners together: and he should recommend, what he cannot enforce. ..."

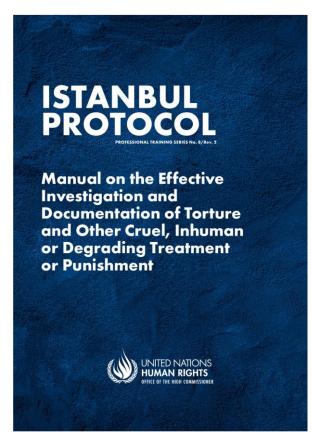
1. UN standards



www.unodc.org/documents/justic e-and-prisonreform/Nelson_Mandela_Rules-Eebook.pdf



www.unodc.org/documents/justic e-and-prisonreform/Bangkok_Rules_ENG_2203 2015.pdf



www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/do cuments/publications/2022-06-29/Istanbul-Protocol_Rev2_EN.pdf

SMR/The Nelson Mandela Rules:

- Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners (SMR) first adopted in 1955 and approved by the United Nations (UN) Economic and Social Council in 1957.
- Key international standard governing the treatment of prisoners and the key framework for monitoring and inspection bodies engaging in assessment activities.
- In many countries, SMR "blueprint" for national prison rules; in others, they are the only document directly regulating the treatment of prisoners.

SMR/The Nelson Mandela Rules: Revision in 8 areas

- 1. Respect for prisoners' inherent dignity;
- 2. Medical and health services;
- 3. Disciplinary measures and sanctions;
- 4. Investigations of deaths and torture in custody;
- 5. Protection of vulnerable groups;
- 6. Access to legal representation;
- 7. Complaints and independent inspection; and
- 8. Training of staff.

The Nelson Mandela Rules:

Rule 24

1. The provision of health care for prisoners is a State responsibility.

Prisoners should enjoy the same standards of health care that are available in the community, and should have access to necessary health-care services free of charge without discrimination on the grounds of their legal status.

The Nelson Mandela Rules:

2. Health-care services should be organized in close relationship to the general public health administration and in a way that ensures continuity of treatment and care, including for HIV, tuberculosis and other infectious diseases, as well as for drug dependence.

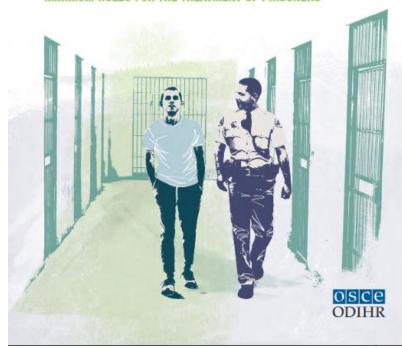
The Nelson Mandela Rules:





GUIDANCE DOCUMENT ON THE NELSON MANDELA RULES

IMPLEMENTING THE UNITED NATIONS REVISED STANDARD
MINIMUM RULES FOR THE TREATMENT OF PRISONERS



file:///E:/WIN7-U~1/STOEVE~1.HEI/AppData/Loc al/Temp/OSCE_ODIHR_Guidance %20on%20Nelson%20Mandela% 20Rules_August%202018_EN.pdf

EUROP







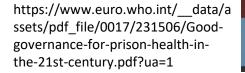


Good governance for prison health in the 21st century

A policy brief on the organization of prison health



https://www.euro.who.int/__data/assets/pdf _file/0009/99018/E90174.pdf





Prisons and Health





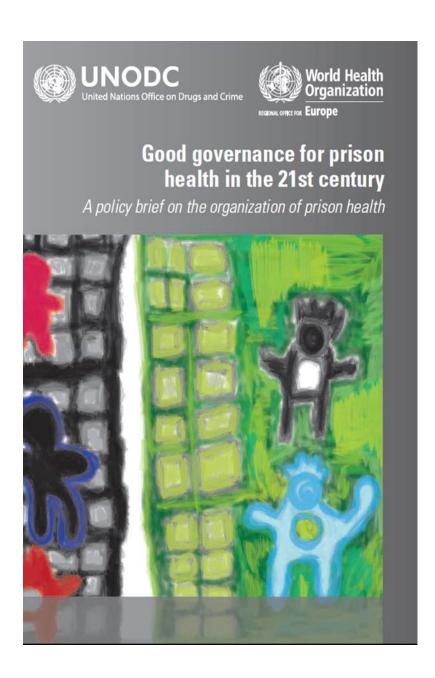
tps://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10 35/128603/Prisons%20;jsessionid=51B99E3F 3E3E345237E5184553A0700?sequence=1

Women and Imprisonment

2nd edition, with reference to the United Nations Rules for the Treatment of Women Prisoners and Non-custodial Measures for Women Offenders (The Bangkok Rules)

https://data2.unhcr.org/en/dccuments/download/47830

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/56944ef 9a976af291c6b9145/t/57155738859fd0562102 2523/1461016379426/women and imprisonm



Equivalence of and integration with public health care

2. Standards of Health Care for People Living in Prison of the Council of Europe



COUNCIL OF EUROPE



CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE



Normative Basis

- The States Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health¹
- People deprived from liberty remain all rights²
- Basis of medical ethics³
- Prison Health is Public Health⁴

- 1 Int. Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights 1966, Art. 12
- 2 European Prison Rules CM Rec (2006)2, Art.2
- 3 WMA International Code of Medical Ethics 1949, rev. 2022
- 4 WHO Moscow Declaration 2003, Madrid Recommendation

Important European Institutions

- Committee of Ministers
- European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment and Punishment (CPT)
- European Court of Human Rights=>Strasbourg/France
- Council of Europe International Co-operation Group on Drugs and Addictions (Pompidou Group)

Recommendations of Committee of Ministers (CM) for Health Care in Prison

European Prison Rules Part III. 39-48. CM Rec(2006)2-rev https://rm.coe.int/09000016809ee581

Guidance document on the European Prison Rules (2023) https://edoc.coe.int/en/european-prison-rules.html

CM Rec(93)6 Concerning the Ethical and Organisational Aspects of Health Care in Prison.

https://rm.coe.int/09000016804fb13c

CM Rec(98)7 Concerning Prison and Criminological Aspects of the Control of Transmissible Diseases Including AIDS and Related Health Problems in Prison. https://rm.coe.int/16804d7777

1982 UN 37/194



Principles of Medical Ethics relevant to the Role of Health Personnel ...in the Protection of Prisoners and Detainees... 1.:

"...the same quality and standard as is afforded to those who are not imprisoned or detained"

1990 UN 45/111: Basic principles for the treatment of prisoners, 9.:

"... access to the health services available in the country without discrimination on the grounds of their legal situation"

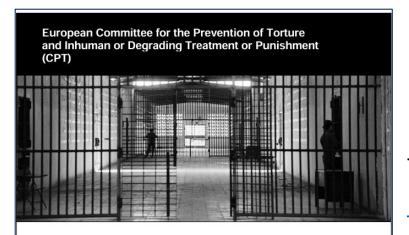
CPT/Inf(93)12: "Equivalence of care": "...in conditions comparable to those enjoyed by patients in the outside community"



CPT - background information

- The CPT was set up under the Council of Europe's "European Convention for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment", which came into force in 1989.
- It builds on Article 3 of the European Convention on Human Rights which provides that "No one shall be subjected to torture or to inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment'
- The CPT is not an investigative body, but provides a nonjudicial preventive mechanism to protect persons deprived of their liberty against torture and other forms of ill-treatment.

It thus complements the judicial work of the European Court of Human Rights.



Health Care Services in Prisons. Extract from the 3rd General Report of the CPT, 1993. CPT/Inf(93)12-part

https://rm.coe.int/16806ce943

CPT standards



CPT: 7 essential principles of health care services in prisons¹

- 1. Access to a doctor
- 2. Equivalence of care
- 3. Patient's consent and confidentiality
- 4. Preventive health care
- 5. Humanitarian assistance
- 6. Professional independence
- 7. Professional competence.

Work of CPT

- >500 country visits and reports of the CPT General Reports und Statements concerning health care provision:
 - -Solitary confinement of prisoners, 2011. https://rm.coe.int/16806cccc6
 - Documenting and reporting medical evidence of ill treatment, 2013. https://rm.coe.int/16806ccc4d
 - Women in prison. Factsheet 2018. https://rm.coe.int/168077ff14
 - -Statement of principles relating to the treatment of persons deprived of their liberty in the context of the Covid-19 pandemic, 2020. https://rm.coe.int/16809ef566
 - -Jurisdiction of the European Coiurt of Human Rights des EGMR: Prisoners' health- related rights. https://prd-echr.coe.int/documents/d/echr/FS_Prisoners_health_ENG

CPT Standards update: 10 essential principles of health care services in prison

- 1. Loyality to the patient
- 2. Access to a doctor
- 3. Health care services free of charge
- 4. Equivalent and adequate health care with integration into the public health care
- 5. Patient's consent and confidentiality
- 6. Preventive health care
- 7. Humanitarian assistance
- 8. Professional independence
- 9. Professional competence.
- 10. Document and indicate any suspicion of mistreatment

CPT Standards update: specific recommendations

- Medical examination at entrance
- Primary health care
- Mental Health
- Substance use disorders
- Infectious diseases
- Death in prison

- Isolation
- Hunger strike
- Medical documentatiomn
- Bio-medical research in prison





Paper tiger, soft law, without any impact or power?

Continuous, however, slowly developping implementation of standards into practice

If a Member State does not cooperate or refuses to improve the situation CPT is according to Art. 10.2 der ECPT allowed to issue a Public Statement

European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) is referring to the standards of the European Council in ist justification of judgement

Prisoners' health-related rights. https://prd-echr.coe.int/documents/d/echr/FS Prisoners health ENG)



European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CPT)

Home ▼

About the CPT ▼

States

Resources *

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Visits



HELP online course on CPT standards







Preventing torture in Europe www.cpt.coe.int







CPT Standards

HELP

Human Rights Education for Legal Professionals







Free Online Course on CPT Standards¹

- A <u>free online course</u> on the standards developed by the CPT (European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment) has been made available on the HELP[1] online platform.
- Preventing ill-treatment of persons deprived of their liberty requires that all actors involved are properly trained and well equipped to prevent or address unacceptable treatment and conditions.
- The purpose of the Council of Europe HELP course on CPT standards is to familiarise users with the CPT's key standards concerning the five most important places of deprivation of liberty: police stations, prisons, immigration detention facilities, psychiatric establishments and social care homes.

Free Online Course on CPT Standards¹

- The course consists of 6 modules:
- Introduction (what is the CPT and how does it work?; CPT visits; interaction between the CPT and other Council of Europe bodies; the CPT and other preventive mechanisms; how to use CPT resources)
- Law enforcement (apprehension; arrival at a police station; legal safeguards; police interviews; conditions of detention; appearance before a judge)
- Prisons and other penal institutions (admissions procedure; illtreatment; conditions of detention; health care in prisons; special categories of prisoners; other issues)
- Immigration detention (detention as a last resort; legal safeguards during detention; conditions of detention; children; staff; health care; removal of foreign nationals)
- Psychiatric establishments (ill-treatment; patient's living conditions; psychiatric treatment; staff; means of restraint; legal safeguards)
- Social care homes (de-institutionalisation; ill-treatment; resident's living conditions; care; staff; means of restraint; legal safeguards)

1 HELP online course on CPT standards - CPT

1. Examples of CPT Work

(periodic and ad-hoc visits)



CPT/Inf (2022) 18

Report

to the German Government on the periodic visit to Germany carried out by the European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CPT)

from 1 to 14 December 2020

The Government of Germany has requested the publication of this report and of its response. The Government's response is set out in document CPT/Inf (2022) 19.

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Periodic Visit Germany CPT/Inf (2022) 18

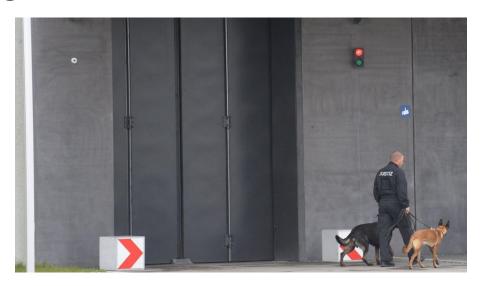
The main objective of the 2020 periodic visit to Germany was to examine the treatment and conditions of detention of persons deprived of their liberty in various police establishments, prisons and psychiatric establishments in several Länder. The co-operation received from both the management and staff in all the establishments visited was excellent. The CPT further acknowledges that considerable progress has been made since the 2015 periodic visit regarding access of its visiting delegations to medical files of detained persons. However, it is most regrettable that access to individual patient files was once again problematic at Uchtspringe Forensic Psychiatric Clinic, and the CPT recommends that the authorities of Saxony Anhalt take the necessary steps without further delay to ensure that its delegations have unrestricted access to files of patients in all psychiatric establishments.

European Court of Human Rights in the case of Wenner vs. Germany

- manifest and long term dependence to opioids
- denial of opioid substitution treatment (OST) in Bavarian/German prison
- The Court found that the physical and mental strain that Mr Wenner suffered as a result of his untreated or inadequately treated health condition could, in principle, amount to inhuman or degrading treatment.
- the failure to adequately assess Mr. Wenner's treatment needs involved a violation of the prohibition of inhuman or degrading treatment
- Law more powerful than science!

Case study of structural violence against PLP: Torture in Bavarian Prisons?! 1

- Accusation against several staff members and prison governor: torture, degrading and inhuman behaviour, violent acts
- PLP naked without light and mattress in isolation cell
- Esprit de Corps
- Cover-up
- National antitorture committee



4. WHO Health in Prison Programme (HIPP)



Health in Prisons Programme:
highlights of cross-cutting
programmatic collaboration to
European Programme of Work,
2020–2025 – "United Action for

Improving the health of people living in prisons in the WHO European Region: the work of the Health in Prisons Programme of the WHO Regional Office for Europe Action Plan for the Health in Prisons Programme (WHO-HIPP) 2022-2025

https://www.who.int/europe/publications/i/item/W HO-EURO-2023-7708-47475-69784

WHO HIPP

Five pillars for improving prison health



frameworks for health in prisons



Monitoring health in prisons



Building national capacity for prison health care







Supporting the integration of prison health and wider community health

supporting capacity on prison health Orientating and in research

General health needs care in the regular health system during and after incarceration



specific health needs requiring ad-hoc and public health interventions during and after incarceration Need for coordinated efforts of the criminal justice system and the health systems

WHO HIPP 2022-2025

Handbook on Prisons and Health (ed. Filipa Alves da Costa, Lara Tavoschi, Henrique de Barros) Table of Contents¹

- A public health approach to health in prisons and other detention centers
- The essentials about prisons and health
- Dealing with ethical issues in prison health: from theory, to practice, implementation and monitoring of human rights
- Organizational capability
- Competency Frameworks and health workforce development
- Developing Surveillance Systems that capture Prison specificities
- Outbreak and pandemic preparedness and management
- A prison admission as an entry point to high quality healthcare
- Health promotion and disease prevention in prison
- Screening for CDs and NCDs in prison settings
- Providing care for people in prison (NCDs, ID, Oral health)
- Addressing substance use in prison
- Providing mental health care and ensuring wellbeing in prison
- Inequalities and vulnerable groups living in detention
- Continuity of care
- 1 Filipa Alves da Costa, Dr, Consultant, Health in Prisons Programme WHO; **Planned Launch Prison Health Conference 2025**;

Conclusions

- Standards of health care in prisons of the Council of Europe (CPT) are of great importance
- Although 'soft law' basic orientation of human assistance to people deprived of their liberty
- Further adjustments are necessary

"... Prisoners are the community. They come from the community, they return to it. Protection of prisoners is protection of our communities "

(Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) Statement on HIV/AIDS in Prisons)

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https://www.researchgate.net/profile/

oever

...Videos

- Videos:
- The Chicago Recovery Alliance:
- http://www.anypositivechange.org/menu.html
- Training Videos:
- http://www.naloxoneinfo.org/run-program/training-videos
- Ohio Attorney General:
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m9wgPiuCtGl
- Using Injectable Naloxone to Reverse Opiate Overdose / MultcoHealthPresents
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wsN0ijLnK2k
- Michel Geier, PharmD
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mA1-YkKqCzY
- Naloxone nasal spray demonstration
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Jis6NIZMV2c
- BmoreHealthy
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YyDdMdLvdBc
- · Naloxone Instructional Video / Healthy Communities of the Capital Area
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NLo25AQNyeM

...further reading – 12 references...

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- 2. CDC. HIV Testing Implementation Guidance for Correctional Settings. https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/group/cdc-hiv-correctional-settings-guidelines.pdf. Access date: February 2018.
- 3. WHO. Prison and Health. http://www.euro.who.int/ data/assets/pdf file/0005/249188/Prisons-and-Health.pdf. Access date: 5 February 2018.
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- 11. Dolan K, Wirtz AL, Moazen B, Ndeffo-mbah M, Galvani A, Kinner SA, et al. Global burden of HIV, viral hepatitis, and tuberculosis in prisoners and detainees. Lancet. 2016;388:1089–102.
- 12. Kamarulzaman A, Reid SE, Schwitters A, Wiessing L, El-Bassel N, Dolan K, et al. Prevention of transmission of HIV, hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus, and tuberculosis in prisoners. 2016;388:1115–1126.